

Name: _____ Date: _____

A.	SYLLABLE MAPPING	Points: _____/18
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	First Syllable	Second Syllable	Word
Example:			
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			

- Circle one syllable that follows the open syllable pattern.
- Underline one syllable that follows the closed syllable pattern.
- Draw a V connecting the vowels in one syllable that follows the long vowel silent-e pattern.

B.	SENTENCE DICTATION	Points: _____/14
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1. _____

C. MORPHOLOGY	Points: _____/10
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1. Begin by reading the sentence.
2. Then look at the underlined word in the sentence. Use your Morphology Key to help you write the meaning for its Latin root.
3. Now write a definition for the underlined word in the space provided. Use the word's morpheme meanings and the sentence's context clues to help you.
4. Finally, circle the synonym that best replaces the underlined word in the sentence. Check your answer by rereading the sentence with the synonym in place of the underlined word. Make sure the sentence still makes sense.

Sentence: Your garden will be more <u>attractive</u> to bees if you grow plants rich in nectar and pollen.		
at	'trac	ive
to, toward, in, on, near	showing a quality or tendency	
Write a definition for the underlined word.		
Circle a synonym for the underlined word.		
desirable	offensive	boring

D.	READING AND RESPONSE	Points: _____/8
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Read the passage to yourself. After reading the passage, read each question carefully and then write your response.

Nomads of the Congo Basin

1 Humans have lived in the Congo Basin for many years. The basin provides food, fresh water, and
 2 homes to more than 75 million people. The people native to the rainforest are smaller than the
 3 those who live in the grasslands. This helps them move under the dense canopy of the trees more
 4 easily. These rainforest dwellers live in tribal groups of 15 to 70. Since they are nomads, the
 5 groups move to new parts of the forest often, transporting all they own on their backs. When they
 6 decide to settle temporarily, or for a short time, they clear away and consume only as much
 7 vegetation as needed to survive while they are there. This means that after they leave a place,
 8 nature can quickly reclaim the space. To preserve their health and survival, these nomads
 9 will venture to the villages to trade the goods with the inhabitants. The nomads of the Congo Basin
 10 have learned to adapt to the environment of the rainforest and will continue to roam the land for
 11 many years to come.

1. The author explains that the tribal groups of the rainforest are nomads. Highlight context clues that you use to understand the meaning of the word nomads. Then use your own words to tell what nomads means. Make sure you use a complete sentence.

2. Lines 6–7 say the nomads “clear away and consume only as much vegetation as needed to survive while they are there.” What does consume mean? Use your Morphology Key and the sentence’s context clues to help you define consume. Then use a complete sentence to tell what consume means.

3. In the Lesson 13 article, “Wild Weather,” you learned that the word permanently means “act of staying completely or not changing.” In this passage, the author uses an antonym for the word permanently when describing how the nomads settle. What is the antonym?
